

# Tutorial 2 Question

- Text: Ch. 42: Pr. 54.
- An ancient club is found that contains 190 g of carbon and has an activity of 5.0 decays per second. Determine its age assuming that in living trees the ratio of  $^{14}\text{C}/^{12}\text{C}$  atoms is about  $1.3 \times 10^{-12}$ .



# Solution

- We know  $N(t) = N_0 e^{-\lambda t}$ . Want to solve for  $t$ , so

$$t = \frac{1}{\lambda} \ln \frac{N_0}{N}.$$

- Need to find  $\lambda$ ,  $N_0$ , and  $N$ .
- First  $\lambda$ . Given  $T_{1/2} = \frac{\ln 2}{\lambda}$  we find

$$\begin{aligned}\lambda &= \frac{\ln 2}{T_{1/2}} = \frac{0.693}{5730 \text{ yr}} \\ &= 1.21 \times 10^{-4} \text{ yr}^{-1} \\ &= 3.83 \times 10^{-12} \text{ s}^{-1}.\end{aligned}$$

(Note:  $1 \text{ yr} \approx 3.166 \times 10^7 \text{ s}$ .)



# Solution, contd

- Now  $N_0$ . Initially, a fraction  $1.3 \times 10^{-12}$  of the carbon was  $^{14}\text{C}$ .
- Using that and  $1 \text{ u} = 1.66 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$  we can calculate the initial number of  $^{14}\text{C}$  atoms,

$$\begin{aligned} N_0 &= (1.3 \times 10^{-12})(0.190 \text{ kg}) \times \frac{1 \text{ u}}{1.66 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}} \times \frac{1 \text{ atom}}{12 \text{ u}} \\ &= 1.2 \times 10^{13} \text{ atoms.} \end{aligned}$$

- We used an atomic mass of  $12 \text{ u}$  because almost all of the carbon is  $^{12}\text{C}$ .
- Lastly  $N$ . We are given the activity  $\left| \frac{dN}{dt} \right| = 5.0 \text{ atoms/s}$ .

# Solution, contd

- Differentiating  $N(t) = N_0 e^{-\lambda t}$  gives

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dN}{dt} &= -\lambda N_0 e^{-\lambda t} \\ &= -\lambda N.\end{aligned}$$

- So we find

$$\begin{aligned}N &= \frac{1}{\lambda} \left| \frac{dN}{dt} \right| \\ &= \frac{1}{3.83 \times 10^{-12} \text{ s}^{-1}} \times 5.0 \text{ atoms/s} \\ &= 1.3 \times 10^{12} \text{ atoms.}\end{aligned}$$

# Solution, contd

- That's all the information we need to solve for  $t$ ,

$$\begin{aligned}t &= \frac{1}{\lambda} \ln \frac{N_0}{N} \\&= \frac{1}{3.83 \times 10^{-12} \text{ s}^{-1}} \ln \left( \frac{1.2 \times 10^{13} \text{ atoms}}{1.3 \times 10^{12} \text{ atoms}} \right) \\&= 5.8 \times 10^{11} \text{ s} \\&= 18,000 \text{ yr.}\end{aligned}$$

- The club is around 18,000 years old. □